

Progression of knowledge	ge	SUBSTANTIV	/E KNOWLEDGE		
A1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Recall and name different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life, in order to find out about the meanings behind them.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Notice and respond sensitively to some similarities between and within different religions and worldviews.			
Beliefs	Year 1				
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that to believe is when we accept something is t To know that some people believe God exists as a powerf To know that in some religions, followers believe in one s To know that people have different ways of understandin To know that some people believe that humans have a sp To know that there are different names for God. To know that there are different ways to refer to and rep To know that people have different ideas about the role of 	ful, non-human upreme being on g God on earth pecial relationsh	being. or God who is loving. (incarnation).		
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldview -Believe in one existence of one God. -Believe that God created the world and the first people. -Believe that God made humans stewards over nature. -Believe that God has a special relationship with the Jewish To know that some people who follow the Christian worldvice. -Believe in the existence of one God. -Believe that Jesus is the son of God and that God is presented. -Believe that God created the world and the first people. -Believe that God made humans stewards over nature. -Believe that all people are children of God and therefore extended that God performed miracles through Jesus. To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldvice. -Believe that God created the world and the first people. -Believe that God created the world and the first people.	people. ew: on Earth. JualBelieve	To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview; -Believe in the existence of one GodBelieve God created the world and everything in it and this is part of a cycle of many universes that will be createdBelieve that God has many forms which help them understand and engage with GodBelieve that God is in all living things. To know that some people who follow the Zoroastrian worldview: -Believe in the concept of a spiritual entity called Ahura Mazda (Lord of Wisdom) to help them distinguish right and wrong and to make their own choicesBelieve that God created the universeBelieve God to be fighting the battle between good and evil.		

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Progression of knowledge	ge	SUBSTANTIV	'E KNOWLEDGE	
	attainment target for KS1: Recall and name different beliefs	B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1:		
and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life, in order to find out			spond sensitively to some similarities between and within different	
about the meanings behind Beliefs	Year 2	religions and v	worldviews.	
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that some people believe god performed miracles in the past. To know that some people believe there are people who are chosen for a special purpose by God. To know that a prophet is someone who talks about God's plan or will 			
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldview Believe the stories of Abraham, Noah and Moses show God Believe one of God's miracles to be the lasting oil in the ten (Hanukkah). Believe Jesus was a Jewish leader and teacher. To know that some people who follow the Christian worldvi Believe God to be good and generous in providing for huma Jesus' birth to be one of God's miracles. Believe that aspects of the nativity story show that Jesus was Believe that many prophets told of Jesus' birth before it has Believe Noah, Moses and Jonah were prophets (of many of	l's promises. mple iew: ansBelieve as special. ppened. thers).	To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldview: -Believe that they can communicate with God through prayerBelieve there were other prophets, including Jesus, Abraham, Moses and NoahBelieve Muhammad was specially chosen and the last prophet. To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview: -Believe that they can communicate with God through prayer. To know that some people who follow the Sikh worldview: -Believe there is a God and Guru Nanak revealed the truth about GodBelieve Gurus to be inspired by God and some may have been specially chosen at birth. To know that some people who follow the Alevi worldview: -Believe that they can communicate with God through prayer.	

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Progression of knowledge	ge	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE				
A3 Curriculum framework	attainment target for KS2:	B1 Curriculum framework attainment targe	et for KS2:	B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:		
Explore and describe a rang	Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and Observe and understand varied examples of		of religions and	Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so		
actions so that they can un	derstand different ways of life	worldviews so that they can explain, with r	easons, their	that they can explore and show understanding of		
and ways of expressing me	aning.	meanings and significance to individuals ar	nd	similarities and differences within and between different		
		communities.		religions and worldviews.		
Beliefs	Year 3					
	To know that there are organized the street or	anised and personal worldviews and religiou	s beliefs fit into	both of these.		
	• To know that soul means a	person's spiritual and emotional sense of ide	entity.			
	To know that some people	believe all living things have a soul and that i	it is immortal.			
	To know that spirituality is	connection with inner self, immaterial things	s and belief of so	mething beyond oneself.		
Conceptual knowledge	To know that some people	believe spirituality and soul to be unique to	humans.			
Conceptual knowledge	To know that some people	believe connection with a god to be a spiritu	al experience.			
	To know that actions have a	consequences and that people think differen	tly about what t	hese are.		
	To know that forgiveness is cancelling out wrongdoing or removing punishment.					
	To know that religious and	non-religious people have ideas about the relationship between God and humans.				
			1			
		o follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview:		some people who follow the B <u>uddhist</u> worldview:		
	-) spirit is within every living thing as	-Believe that the way they think and what they focus on are key to being			
	everything comes from him.		human.			
	-Believe that karma is affected	d by actions.	-Do not believe in a creator God or God as an external force in their live			
	To know that some people wh	o follow the <u>Christian</u> worldview:	To know that p	people who follow the <u>Jewish</u> worldview generally:		
	-Believe that they can be forgi	ven by God if they repent of wrongdoing.	-Believe that t	hrough prayer they can be forgiven by God if they repent		
World view related	-Believe they will be judged by	God on how they have lived.	the wrongdoir	ng.		
knowledge	-Believe Eve to have been the	first person to sin (do wrong).	-Believe they v	will be judged by God on how they have lived.		
	-Believe humans have an eter	nal soul.	-Try to live in a way that pleases God.			
			-Believe in see	king forgiveness and self-reflection, especially during Yom		
	To know that some people wh	o follow the <u>Humanist</u> worldview:	Kippur.			
	-Believe there is no god.					
	-Believe that we have one life	and we should make the most of it.	To know that s	some people who follow the Muslim worldview:		
	-Believe human beings evolve	d naturally and have the potential to lead	-Believe they will be judged by God according to their actions and			
	good and happy lives.		intentions.			
			-Believe that v	vater is sacred.		

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Progression of knowledge SUBSTANTI			VE KNOWLEDO	GE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO	
A3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:		B1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:	
Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and		Observe and understand varied examples of	of religions and	Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so	
actions so that they can un	derstand different ways of life	worldviews so that they can explain, with r	easons, their	that they can explore and show understanding of	
and ways of expressing me	aning.	meanings and significance to individuals an	d	similarities and differences within and between different	
		communities.		religions and worldviews.	
Beliefs	Year 4				
	To know that religious and	non-religious worldviews change over time f	or individuals ar	nd groups.	
	To know that people from a	different religions believe some of the same t	hings.		
	To know that organised and	d personal religious beliefs change and develo	op over time.		
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that there are hist 	orical links and connections between religior	ıs.		
Conceptual knowledge		ns giving up something valued for the sake of	something else		
		ivine, sacred or connected to God.			
	• To know that there is evidence that Jesus was a real person and that people have different beliefs about his significance.				
	To know that some people wh	no follow the Buddhist worldview:	To know that	some people who follow the Jewish worldview:	
		hattha Gotama (known as the Buddha).	-Believe Jesus to be a radical Jewish leader at the time he lived.		
	believe the teachings of Side	mattha dotama (known as the badana).	-Believe that God made a covenant with the Jewish people.		
	To know that some people wh	no follow the <u>Christian</u> worldview:	-Believe that the prophets told of a messiah but that Jesus was not the		
		relationship with humans and this can be	messiah.		
	achieved through Jesus.	,			
		d (raised from the dead) after his	To know that some people who follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview:		
World view related	crucifixion.		-Believe that their religion goes beyond time and space and is therefore		
knowledge	-Believe Jesus fulfilled prophe	cies from the Old Testament.	eternal.		
	To know that some people wh	ne people who follow the <u>Sikh</u> worldview:		people who follow the Bahá'í worldview:	
		important and that the religion you follow	-Believe that all religions are ways to understand and describe the sa		
	does not matter	p	God.	,	
	-Believe in one God, known by	y many names, who created the world.		here is one God.	
	1	trying to love God and do what he wants			
		han ceremonies, rituals and practices.			

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE K	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A3 Curriculum framework	attainment target for KS2: Explore and	B1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:	Observe	B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Observe and	
describe a range of beliefs,	, symbols and actions so that they can	and understand varied examples of religions and wor	rldviews so	consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore	
understand different ways	of life and ways of expressing meaning.	that they can explain, with reasons, their meanings and		and show understanding of similarities and differences within and	
		significance to individuals and communities.		between different religions and worldviews.	
Beliefs	Year 5				
	To know the meaning of atheist, agnostic			that some people believe they will be reincarnated in a different form after	
	To know that people have different belief	• •	death.		
	· ·	d, who may judge their actions when they die.		that in the UK religious beliefs are a protected characteristic.	
		after death and others may believe death is the end of		that in some times and places people did not or do not have religious	
	our life in any form.		freedom.		
Conceptual knowledge	 To know and use correctly the following soul, judgement, eternity, heaven and hell. 	vocabulary in relation to death: afterlife, reincarnation,		that throughout history and in modern times people have had to protest or igious freedom.	
	To know that many people who are not it		• To know	some of the ways that history, geography and leadership influence	
	 To know that some people believe leade 		people's wo		
	To know that leadership and authority can impact people's worldviews.			that leadership and authority can impact people's worldviews.	
	To know that some places are valued by	certain people due to things that have happened there	people due to things that have happened there • To know that worldviews impact the process of cho		
	To know that some people who follow the	<u>Christian</u> worldview:		at some people who follow the <u>Humanist</u> worldview:	
	-Believe in the Trinity (Father, Son and Holy Spirit).		-Believe that there is no life after death.		
	-Believe God sent the Holy Spirit to be with people and that this spirit helps and guides them.		-Recognise that things we have done in life can have an impact after our death (e.g.		
	-Believe that after death, a person's soul will either spend eternity with God or separated from		work, children, memories).		
	GodBelieve that their actions will be judged by God after death.		To know that some people who follow the Sikh worldview:		
	-Believe that sins can be forgiven.		-Believe in reincarnation.		
		et and express them differently depending on their			
	denomination.	, , ,	To know tha	at some people who follow the <u>Muslim</u> worldview:	
World view related			-Believe that they will be resurrected and judged by Allah after death on the day of		
knowledge	To know that some people who follow the	<u>Jewish</u> worldview:	judgement.		
		ht be more important than what happens when we die.	-Believe that depending on their actions during their life, their soul may enter Ja		
	-Believe that their actions will be judged by		or Jahannam.		
		or the soul might happen at some point after life.	-Believe that Allah is forgiving and compassionate so some bad actions may be		
		e Jewish people in the Torah to be central to their	forgiven.		
	worldview.		To know that some people who follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview:		
		B. 1811	-Believe in reincarnation as their soul being born into another body (samsara).		
	To know that some people who follow the	Buddnist tradition:	-Aim to escape samsara and reach moksha (spiritual freedom) through good karr		
	-Believe in reincarnation.				
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Progression of knowle	wledge SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE			
A3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and actions so that they can understand different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.		B1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Observe and understand varied examples of religions and worldviews so that they can explain, with reasons, their meanings and significance to individuals and communities.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.
Beliefs	Year 6			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know some of the ways that cult To know that some people believe leto To know that people from the same To know that free will means a belief 	t (all powerful), omniscient (all knowing) and omnigure, history, geography and tradition influence peograders are anointed (chosen by God). organised worldview often hold the same key belied that humans are able to make their own choices are of God may impact people's ideas about and respect to the contract of the	ole's worldvi efs but may i and determin	iews. interpret and express them differently. ne their own fate.
World view related knowledge	relationship between God and humans -Believe that human beings have free of To know that some people who follow -Believe there is a constant battle betw -Believe that human beings have free of To know that some people who follow -Believe that human beings have free of To know that some people who follow	d by the first humans and that this changed the s (The Fall). will. the Zoroastrian worldview: veen good and evil both spiritually and morally. will. the Jewish worldview: will.	-Believe the To know to the self to know to th	that some people who follow the Sikh worldview: that everything that happens is according to God's will (hukam). That some people who follow the Buddhist tradition: Il human life contains suffering and that by following the Noble path they may be released from suffering. That some people who follow the Shinto worldview: In spirits, gods or deities (kami) and may visit shrines to seek blessings and comfort from kami and give offerings. That some people who follow the Muslim worldview: That human beings have free will and refer to the struggle to make ces as 'inner jihad'.

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Progression of knowle	edge	SUBSTANTIVE K	KNOWLEDGE	
A1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Recall and name different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life, in order to find out about the meanings behind them.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Notice and respond sensitively to some similarities between and within different religions and worldviews.		
Practices	Year 1			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that some religious people use art, objects and special to the them. To know that many people have special ceremonies when babies To know that many people give money, time or donations to characteristics. 	s are born.	and remember incarnation of God (of the presence of God on Earth). owing that caring for others is important.	
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldview: -Give to charity (tzedakah) as a way of expressing their beliefsCelebrate Tu B'Shevat as an expression of the importance of natur gratitude for itTry to live according to God's mitzvot. To know that some people who follow the Christian worldview: -Celebrate the birth of Jesus at Christmas by attending church servi and retelling the nativity of JesusGive to charity as a way of expressing their beliefs. To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldview: -Give to charity (zakat) as a way of expressing their beliefsPerform adhan and 'aqiqah when a baby is bornUse 99 names to describe Allah (God).		To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview: -Perform jatakama when a new baby is bornUse murti (forms) to represent the some of the different forms of God. To know that some people who follow the Humanist worldview: -Have a naming ceremony when a new baby is born.	

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A1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Recall and name different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life, in order to find out about the meanings behind them.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Notice and respond sensitively to some similarities between and within different religions and worldviews.				
ractices	Year 2					
Conceptual knowledge	 To know there are some festivals which are celebrated by religious. To know festivals usually celebrate a special or miraculous event in the total serious of the seriou	from the past. prations. pligious traditions. ratitude, say 'thank you', to God. s regularly. nings. differently. belief. body to show respect.				
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Christian worldview: -Use candles to represent Jesus as light of the world. -Celebrate Harvest as a special time to thank God for providing food donating food to others at this time. -Use candles to celebrate advent and symbolise key concepts and peto Christmas. -Celebrate Christmas in ways that remind them of Jesus' birth (crib sangels, Christingle). To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview: -Celebrate Diwali by listening to stories, wearing their finest clothes, their homes, worshipping, and having family feasts. -Often worship individually. -Worship through puja in their home or in a mandir, with rituals inclighting incense, prayers, offerings to murtus and lamp lighting. -Visit a mandir and find that some of the features help them to pray	To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldview: -Carry out Wudu before prayerUse special positions and actions during prayer called rakatVisit the mosque and find some of the features help them to praySay 'peace be upon him' (pbuh) when talking about Muhammad and other prophets to show respectDo not use images of God or Muhammad (pbuh) as a sign of respect. To know that some people who follow the Alevi worldview: -Visit a cemevi and find some of the features help them to pray.				

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	A1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: A3 Curriculum framework attainment target			B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for	
Describe and make connec		Explore and describe a range of beliefs, sy		KS2:Observe and consider different dimensions of	
features of the religions an		actions so that they can understand differ	ent ways of life	religion, so that they can explore and show	
discovering more about ce	which mark important points	and ways of expressing meaning.		understanding of similarities and differences within and	
in life, in order to reflect or				between different religions and worldviews.	
in me, in order to remedi or	Turien digimitatives				
Practices	Year 3				
		vay of expressing beliefs and ideas about Go			
		tation and rituals are used to connect spiritu	_		
Compositive library de des		tures are used and treated reflects beliefs a			
Conceptual knowledge		n used in ceremonies and rituals to symbolis sed in ceremonies and rituals to symbolise		=	
		ake many forms and often involves symbolise	•	ibi airce.	
To know that worship can take many forms and oreal involves symbolism					
	To know that some people wi	no follow the <u>Buddhist</u> worldview:	To know that	some people who follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview:	
	-Meditate to ensure the mind	l is peaceful and focusedUse fire syml		bolically during marriage ceremonies and funerals.	
	-Believe that through regular	meditation they can reach nirvana.	-Use a flame o	or lamp as part of puja.	
	To know that some people wh	no follow the <u>Muslim</u> worldview:	To know that	some people who follow the <u>Jewish</u> worldview:	
	-Treat the Qur'an in special w	ays to show respect.	-Wear a tzitzit (prayer shawl) to remind them of God's guidance.		
World view related	-Believe the Qur'an can only b	e fully understood if read with faith	-Treat the Tor	ah and Tanakh in special ways to show respect.	
knowledge	(iman).				
	-Use water to perform wudu	prior to prayer and worship.		some people who follow the <u>Zoroastrian</u> worldview:	
	To know that some poople will	as fallow the Christian worldview	-Use fire as a	symbol of purity and the light of God.	
	To know that some people who follow the <u>Christian</u> worldview: -Read the Bible in a variety of translations and ways.			some people who follow the <u>Shinto</u> worldview:	
	-Use prayer to ask for God's for			or ritual cleaning and as a symbol of nature.	
	1	ving the example of Jesus in the Bible.		3	
	To know that some people wi				
	-Use fire as part of funeral rit	uals.			

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A1 Curriculum framework	attainment target for KS2:	A3 Curriculum framework attainment to	rget for KS2:	B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for		
Describe and make connections between different Explore and describe a		Explore and describe a range of beliefs,	symbols and	KS2:Observe and consider different dimensions of		
features of the religions ar	nd worldviews they study,	actions so that they can understand diff	erent ways of life	religion, so that they can explore and show		
discovering more about ce	lebrations, worship,	and ways of expressing meaning.		understanding of similarities and differences within and		
pilgrimages and the rituals	which mark important points			between different religions and worldviews.		
in life, in order to reflect o	n their significance.					
Practices	Year 4					
	-	tures are treated and used reflects beliefs		-		
	- I	actices can be based on religious and cult		often these are interconnected.		
Conceptual knowledge		ptures are read and used changes over tin				
conceptual knowledge		To know that people with similar worldviews may practice in different ways due to historical events.				
	To know that practices cha	hange over time.				
	To know that some people wi	no follow the <u>Christian</u> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <u>Jewish</u> worldview:			
	-Celebrate Easter remembering	ng Jesus' death and resurrection.	-Take part in a Bar/Bat Mitzvah ceremony as a sign of becoming			
	-Choose to fast during Lent.		responsible			
	-Take part in a confirmation c	a confirmation ceremony as a young person.		for fulfilling the mitzvot.		
			-Use mezuzah	and tefillin to help remind them of God's word.		
	To know that some people wi	no follow the <u>Sikh</u> worldview:	- Celebrate Yom Kippur (the Day of Atonement).			
World view related	-Treat the Guru Granth Sahib	in special ways to show respect.	- Choose to ea	t a kosher diet.		
knowledge	-May wish to join or be initiat	-May wish to join or be initiated into the Khalsa through the Amrit				
	Sanskar ceremony.		To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview:			
	-Wear five symbols, known a	s the Five Ks, as symbols of their faith.	-Read from a variety of scriptures including what is sometimes re			
			to as the 'reve	aled truths' (shruti) and the 'remembered truths' (smriti).		
		no follow the <u>Muslim</u> worldview:	-Take part in a	Upanayana ceremony.		
	-Fast and give Zakat during Ra	ımadan.				
	-Choose to eat a halal diet.		I			

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Progression of knowledge	ge	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Describe and make connections between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance.		Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and actions so that they can understand different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.
Practices	Year 5			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that funerals can I To know that some festival To begin to consider reason 	ices often reflect beliefs about life after death be important to help people grieve. s commemorate times when religious freedo ns for taking part in religious practices includi of the ways practices are influenced by cultur	m has been fouլ ng belief, cultur	e, tradition and obligation.
World view related knowledge	-Include songs, Bible readings churchWorship and pray in differen they belong toExpress their worldview in a -Celebrate Pentecost as when the start of the Christian chur	no follow the Christian worldview: , prayers and liturgy in a funeral service at a t ways depending on which denomination way which reflects their culture. God sent the Holy Spirit to Earth and as ch. no follow the Muslim worldview: after death showing to reflect their beliefs	-Prefer burial of -Treat a body in resurrection. To know that some a body in the committed possibly to the committed possible possibl	some people who follow the Jewish worldview: over cremation linking to their beliefs about resurrection. in special ways after death showing their beliefs about some people who follow the Hindu worldview: in special ways after death, including symbolic actions. d to complete at least one pilgrimage in their lifetime, e River Ganges. some people who follow the Sikh worldview: vali remembering the story of Guru Hargobind. the examples of the Gurus when thinking about standing eliefs.

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A1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Describe and make connections between different features of the religions and worldviews they study,		A3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and actions so that they can understand different ways of life		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show	
discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance.		and ways of expressing meaning.		understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.	
Practices	Year 6				
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that a pilgrimage i To know that pilgrimages a To know that pilgrimage he To know that visiting a place To know that there are man 	le may use religious practises (e.g prayer, worship) to help them in times of suffering. e is a journey to a place of religious significance. s are an important part of some people's life. helps some people to feel close to God. ace of personal, religious, cultural or historical significance can have a special meaning for many people. nany reasons for some people taking part in religious practices including belief, culture and tradition. ys practices are influenced by culture, tradition, geography and history.			
World view related knowledge	-Be committed to completing lifetimePractise differently dependin -Pray alone and with others a To know that some people wl -Worship deities based on the -May be influenced to worship tradition and location.	to follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview: eir connection to a specific place or area. p particular deities by family, culture, tho follow the <u>Buddhist</u> worldview: to places of significance.	-Pray in variou To know that: -Have differen -Observe Shak -Practise diffe (Orthodox or I	rently depending on their interpretation of scripture	

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Retell and suggest meanings to some religious and moral stories, exploring and discussing sacred writings and sources of wisdom and recognising the traditions from which they come.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Notice and respond sensitively to some similarities between and within different religions and worldviews.		
Wisdom and Morality	Year 1			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that some spoken and written words are important to people. To know that creation stories provide people with possible answers as to why we are here. To know that followers often read religious stories. To know that some religious and non-religious stories may guide people to care for animals and the planet. 			
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldview -Understand the Torah to contain the 'word of God'. -Believe that the Genesis creation story explains how the Earland humans were created. -Read the Torah to help them to understand God and for adthem live a good life. To know that some people who follow the Christian worldwing -Believe that the Genesis creation story explains how the Earland humans were createdRead stories from the Christian Bible them understand God and for advice about how to live a good-Understand the Christian Bible to be the 'word of God'. To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldvied -Understand the Qur'an to be the 'word of God'. -Read the Qur'an and stories about the Prophet Muhamman help them understand God and for advice on how to life a godie of the five pillars.	-Follow the principle of ahimsa (harmlessness) as a way of lifeRead many sacred texts including the Rig Veda which contains one of many creation stories to help them understand God. To know that some people who follow the Jain worldview: -Believe all living things to contain souls and should therefore be valued and respectedFollow ahimsa (harmlessness) as their main principle. ew: d (pbuh) to		

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Retell and suggest meanings to some religious and moral stories, exploring and discussing sacred writings and sources of wisdom and recognising the traditions from which they come.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Notice and respond sensitively to some similarities between and within different religions and worldviews.		
Wisdom and Morality	Year 2			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that books and stories can have different meaning to different people. To know that religious stories can help us to understand religious beliefs. To know that stories from long ago can be applied to modern life. To know that wisdom means knowledge that comes from experience. To know that guidance means advice, informance or rules given by someone in authority. To know that values are what people see as important in life. To know that prophets and gurus are considered to share God's wisdom and guidance have had it revealed to them by God. To know that religions have forms of guidance or rules (commandments) and believers will follow these in different ways. 			
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the <u>Jewish</u> worldview Believe God communicated with humans through the Toral Believe that the mitzvot were given to Moses by God. -Try to live according to God's mitzvot (commandments). To know that some people who follow the <u>Christian</u> worldwing Believe that God communicated his will through many project that these messages can be applied to their lives today.	-Read Smiriti (remembered truths) which contain important Hindu storiesBelieve the stories in the smriti to be remembered by humansBelieve in harmlessness (ahimsa).		

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Describe and understand links		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:		
	aspects of the communities they are investigating,	Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and		
	a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings	show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different		
that arise from them in dif	ferent communities.	religions and worldviews.		
Wisdom and Morality	Year 3			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that morals are our thinking about what is right and wrong. To know many religious and non-religious worldviews express the idea of a 'golden rule' relating to how we treat others. To know that the teachings of a religious or non-religious worldview often link with a follower's life choices. To know that people's views about what is right and wrong change over time and place. To know that many factors affect our morals and life choices. 			
	To know that some people who follow the <u>Christian</u> worldwing representation of their moral code. Try to live in a way that pleases God. To know that some people who follow the <u>Muslim</u> worldwing representation.	-Believe that they should try following The Five Precepts left by Buddha as a guide for everyday lifeBelieve that the way to avoid suffering is to follow The Noble Eightfold w: Path.		
World view related knowledge	-Believe that the Qur'an provides them with guidance as to according to Allah's will including The Five PillarsTry to live in a way that pleases God.	To know that some people who follow the Humanist worldview: -Consider what is morally right or wrong by thinking about the effect an action may have on others.		
	To know that some people who follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview -Try to follow The Five Niyamas and The Five YamasConsider the consequences of their actions in light of karm	To know that some people who follow the <u>Jewish</u> worldview:		

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTI	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Describe and understand links between stories and other aspects of the communities they are investigating, responding thoughtfully to a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings that arise from them in different communities.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.			
Wisdom and Morality	Year 4				
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that stories and scriptures give insights about how to live. To know that religious texts contain different types of writings. To know why the Bible has a significant role in public life in many countries, including the UK. To know that religious scriptures come from a range of sources and origins. To know that religious scriptures are written in different languages and this can affect interpretation. 				
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Christian worldview: -Believe that the Bible is a collection of books told orally and then written by different people at different times. -Read different translations of the Bible to help them understand its meaning. -Read the stories Jesus told (parables) for wisdom on how to live. -Believe that Jesus' teachings were radical in the historical and geographical context he was living in. To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldview: -Believe that as the Qur'an was originally written in Classical Arabic that is the more accurate language to read it in. -Believe that the Qur'an was revealed to Muhammad over 23 years, shared by recitation and written down by his companions after his death. -Study the Qur'an from childhood and learn to recite it. -Use the different types of writings (parables, letters, psalms, gospels and recounts) as an explanation of their faith.		To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldview: -Believe the Torah should be written and read in Biblical Hebrew, translations are used but not considered to be fully accurateStudy the Torah from childhood and learn to recite it. To know that some people who follow the Sikh worldview: -Believe the Guru Granth Sahib to be the final Guru, in written rather than human formBelieve the Guru Granth Sahib was compiled by one of the Gurus and includes teaching from Hindu and Muslim scholarsSeek guidance and inspiration from the Guru Granth Sahib. To know that some people who follow the Buddhist worldview: -Use the Buddhist canon for guidance.		

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Describe and understand links between stories and other aspects of the communities they are investigating, responding thoughtfully to a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings that arise from them in different communities.		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.		
Wisdom and Morality	Year 5			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that wisdom means thinking sensibly and taking To know that guidance means advice, informance or rule 	ow people choose to live their lives. In within and outside their community. In different ways. In different ways. In ginto account knowledge and experience.		
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow Sikh worldview: -Follow the examples of the Gurus when thinking about statheir beliefs. -Believe that the succession of Gurus was passed on to those spiritually liberated from birth and therefore able to contine Nanak's message. To know that some people who follow the Christian worldwell-interpret some teachings of the Bible differently or put emdifferent aspects of key teaching depending on their denomes and the Bible to help them understand and respond to descripture and historical events. To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldviewed the Tenak to help them understand and respond to descripture and historical events.	sufferingAre part of either the Sunni or Shi'a group who disagree on who would succeed MuhammadUnderstand particular places to be significant to their religion based on scripture and historical events. To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview: -Read the Bhagavad Gita to help them understand and respond to death. To know that some people who follow the Buddhist worldview: -Read the story of Kisagotami to help them understand and respond to death. W: leath.		

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Describe and understand links		B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2:		
between stories and other aspects of the communities they are investigating,		Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and		
responding thoughtfully to	a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings	show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different		
that arise from them in diff	ferent communities.	religions and worldviews.		
Wisdom and Morality	Year 6			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that writings from long ago can give people insig To know that ideas and beliefs about suffering come from 	m many sources. became close to God to guide them in achieving the same aim. ct can affect how scripture is interpreted. gs are still relevant to modern life.		
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the <u>Christian</u> worldv -Read modern translations of the Bible to help them unders content in a modern day contextRead the Bible to help them understand and respond to sure to know that some people who follow the <u>Muslim</u> worldvie -Go on Hajj as one of The Five PillarsRefer to the Hadith and Sunna (believed sayings and account Muhammad to help guide them in living a life of submission	-Reflect on stories from scripture to help them understand and respond to suffering. To know that some people who follow the <u>Buddhist</u> worldview: -Read the story of Kisagotami to help them understand and respond to suffering. nts of		

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Progression of knowledg	Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE		
A3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Recognise some different symbols and actions which express a community's way of life, appreciating some similarities between communities.		B1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Ask and respond to questions about what individuals and communities do, and why, so that pupils can identify what difference belonging to a community might make.	B2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Observe and recount different ways of expressing identity and belonging, responding sensitively for themselves.		C2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Find out about and respond with ideas to examples of cooperation between people who are different.
Community and Belonging	Year 1		<u> </u>		
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that religious (and non-religious) groups often provide support and care to their local and worldwide communities. To know that people with similar worldviews often work together to care for the world and for others. To know that some religious and non-religious people carry out ceremonies when babies are born to welcome them into their community. To know that baby welcoming ceremonies often include symbols and actions to show the baby's relationship with god. 			velcome them into their community.	
	To know that some people who follow the <u>Christian</u> worldview: -Believe it is important to help others in their community who are different to themselves.		· · ·		a naming ceremony to celebrate the baby
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldview: -Share food and money with their community as part of 'aqiqah wh new baby is bornGive to charity as the third pillar of Islam to support others in the Muslim community.		qah when a		tho follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview: velcoming) and Upanayana (sacred thread)

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Progression of knowledg	Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE	
A3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Recognise some different symbols and actions which express a community's way of life, appreciating some similarities between communities.		B1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Ask and respond to questions about what individuals and communities do, and why, so that pupils can identify what difference belonging to a community might make.	B2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Observe and recount different ways of expressing identity and belonging, responding sensitively for themselves.	C2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Find out about and respond with ideas to examples of cooperation between people who are different.
Community and Belonging	Year 2			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that many festivals are often celebrated as a community. To know that some people find praying or worshiping as part of a community helpful. To know that members of the same community may have similar or different ways of life. To know that many religious groups have special buildings which may have features linked to beliefs and practices. To know that offerings used to express gratitude may be used to help a person's local or national community. To know that within a community people have different values, ideas and beliefs. 			=
World view related knowledge			tVisit the mandir to worship tyCelebrate Diwali with others eir To know that some people w -Visit the mosque to worship community.	who follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview: and pray with members of their community. s from the Hindu community. who follow the <u>Muslim</u> worldview: and pray with members of their

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Progression of knowledge	ge	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE
B2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Understand the challenges of commitment to a community of faith or belief, suggesting why belonging to a community may be valuable, both in the diverse communities being studied and in their own lives.		C2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse communities can live together for the well-being of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about community, values and respect.
Community and Year 3 Belonging		
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that for many people relationships with others and being part of a community are important. To know that all communities have rules and guidance for how to live together. To know that ceremonies involving water and fire are important occasions for some communities. To know that eternal flames are sometimes used as a sign of remembrance in a community. 	
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Sikh worldview: -Use fire for cremation after death with family being involve funeral processScatter a person's ashes on body of water. To know that some people who follow the Hindu worldview -Use fire for cremation after death with family being involve funeral processScatter a person's ashes on the Ganges or another river.	:

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Progression of knowledg	e	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE	
B2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Understand the challenges of commitment to a community of faith or belief, suggesting why belonging to a community may be valuable, both in the diverse communities being studied and in their own lives.		C2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse communities can live together for the well-being of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about community, values and respect.	
Community and Year 4 Belonging			
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that being part of a community with similar beliefs is important to some people. To know that the history of religion affects how people see their own and others' communities. To know that the language used during worship and prayer is important for some people when connecting with their community. To know that for some people outward expressions of belief are important for a sense of belonging. To know that disagreement and change happens in communities. 		
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldvie -Feel that they are part of a worldwide religious community To know that some people who follow the Sikh worldview: -Join the Khalsa through the Amrit Sanskar ceremonyWear a turban as part of a cultural tradition	-Take part in a Bar/Bat Mitzvah ceremony.	

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Progression of knowledge		SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE	
commitment to a commun	attainment target for KS2: Understand the challenges of ity of faith or belief, suggesting why belonging to a le, both in the diverse communities being studied and in	C2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse communities can live together for the well-being of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about community, values and respect.	
Community and Belonging	Year 5		
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that funerals can be important times for communities to support one another. To know that communities sometimes fight or protest for the rights of themselves or others. To know that the community or group someone is part of shapes their sense of belonging. To know that religious communities usually have a leader who carries out certain duties with or on behalf of the community. To know that some people may find religious spaces significant even if they are not part of that religion. To know that some places are of particular significance due to historical, cultural and geographical reasons. 		
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the <u>Christian</u> worldvi-Belong to a particular denomination of the Christian church-Relate to their community in different ways depending on they live in. -Have different buildings, artwork and dress based on culturand context. To know that some people who follow the <u>Hindu</u> worldview-Consider social status or sections of society to help them undifferent roles in a community. -Believe the River Ganges to be significant.	-Consider the destruction of the first and second temple to be significant to their religionFeel they are part of a worldwide community which started in Israel and spread across the worldBelieve Israel to be a significant place.	

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Progression of knowledge	ge	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE	
B2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Understand the challenges of commitment to a community of faith or belief, suggesting why belonging to a community may be valuable, both in the diverse communities being studied and in their own lives.		C2 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse communities can live together for the well-being of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about community, values and respect.	
Community and Belonging	Year 6		
Conceptual knowledge	 To know that people respond in different ways then they see people in their community suffering. To know experiencing a pilgrimage together can help some people feel a sense of community and belonging. To know that some people feel significant connection to a building or place. To know that, for some, the people in a particular space are more important than the place itself. To know that shared practices can be important to give some people a feeling of belonging. To know that some practices might demonstrate belonging to a particular community. To know that shared challenge can bring people closer together. 		
World view related knowledge	To know that some people who follow the Muslim worldvie -Travel as part of a large group to join over two million mem Muslim community at HajjWear special clothing during HajjDress in certain ways which show symbolism and belonging -Believe Makkah to be a significant place. To know that some people who follow the Jewish worldview -Dress in certain ways which show symbolism and belonging -Eat certain dishes depending on their originsBelieve Israel to be a significant place.	-Describe themselves as following a particular Buddhist form. To know that some people who follow the Christian worldview: -Believe Jerusalem to be a significant placeKnow that in the medieval period, the Latin church, was involved in crusades relating to the Holy Land.	

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Progression of skills			SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE			
	framework attainment target for KS1: pond sensitively to some similarities betwo s.	een and within different religions	dimen	riculum framework attainment target for sions of religion, so that they can explore afferences within and between different rel	and show understanding of similarities	
	Year 1	Year 2		Lower KS2	Upper KS2	
Similarities and differences	Commenting on similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews. Enjoying seeing diversity in images and videos used.	Exploring similarities and differences and between religions and worldview Commenting on examples of diverse people and groups cooperating.		Identifying similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews. Giving thoughtful insights about why some things are the same and others are different. Exploring the ways diverse people and groups can work together for good.	Interpreting expressions of the same concept by people whose worldview differs. Interpreting expressions of the same concept by people with the same worldview. Exploring why people from the same religion may disagree. Understanding and evaluating the value of diversity within religions and worldviews.	
Making links	Making links between religious and non- religious beliefs and practices.	Making links between religious and non- religious beliefs, practices and symbols. Commenting on links with prior learning when encountering new content.		Explaining links between religious and non- religious practices and their significance. Recognising links with prior learning when encountering new content.	Evaluating links between religious and non- religious traditions, beliefs and practices. Identifying increasingly subtle links with prior learning when encountering new content.	
Responding effectively and empathetically	Talking about their own experiences in relation to their learning. Respectfully sharing opinions about what is important to them and what is important to others. Listening to others' ideas and comparing them to their own. Beginning to use correct vocabulary when talking about their learning.	Responding sensitively to people who experiences are different to theirs. Commenting respectfully on things they notice which may be surprising a different. Showing respect when looking at evicabout other people's ideas and belief Using correct vocabulary when talkin beginning to use in written work.	nat or dence fs.	Reflecting on how others might see the world and how they can show respect for viewpoints different to their own. Asking questions about how people show their faith and considering why they might have these questions. Developing the ability to use empathy to identify and understand the feelings of others. Using increasingly complex vocabulary and explaining its meaning to others.	Considering the thoughts, feelings, experiences, beliefs and values of others. Responding thoughtfully to and reflecting on beliefs, experiences, values and practices. Debating challenging issues with reference to learning and respect for content being debated. Using complex vocabulary confidently and in different contexts.	

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Progression of skills			DISCIPLINARY	KNOWLEDGE			
B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Notice and respond sensitively to some similarities between and within different religions and worldviews.			B3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.				
Ways of Knowing	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Exploring stories or scriptures	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	
Looking at artefacts	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	
Interviewing others	Х			Х	Х	Х	
Using surveys		X		Х	X	X	
Debating and discussing	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	X	
Interpreting art	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Listening to music		X	X		X		
Dramatizing, role-play or dancing	X	X		X			
Analysing texts			X	X	X	X	
Experiencing	Х		X			X	
Looking at news reports					X	X	
Looking at photos and images	Х	X	X	X	X	X	
Interpreting historical sources				X	Х		
Using audio or video footage		X	X	X	Х	X	
Using maps				Х	X	X	
Using first-hand accounts	X	X	X	X	X	X	

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Progression of skills	PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE			
C1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Explore questions about belonging, meaning and truth so that they can express their own ideas and opinions in response using words, music, art or poetry.	C3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS1: Find out about questions of right and wrong and begin to express their ideas and opinions in response.			
Year 1	Year 2			
Positionality: During Key stage 1, children will develop their understanding of things they be challenged on their perceptions, based on thoughts and ideas behind common miscor how their thoughts and ideas have changed.				
To know what they and their families think and believe in relation to content be learnt. To know where some of their beliefs have come from. To know that it is natural for people to think and behave differently from one another. To know that their ideas might change over time.	To know the links and comparisons between their own beliefs and those they are learning about. To know why some things might surprise or make them feel uncomfortable. To know that it is important to respond respectfully to different beliefs. To know that learning new things might change what they think and believe.			
Talking about simple ideas and things that puzzle them about belief in God. Sharing opinions respectfully about what is important to them and what is important to others. Expressing their own ideas and opinions based on personal experience and the beliefs of family members. Using various art forms to express their ideas. Asking their own questions about the world around them. Discussing their ideas about what is right and wrong. Appreciating diversity in images, art, artefacts and videos used.	Asking questions about what puzzles them about religious and non-religious stories and texts they have read. Expressing their own ideas and opinions, including considering worldviews studied. Explaining how they have expressed their ideas through art. Asking thoughtful questions relating to their learning. Explaining why they feel something is right or wrong and comparing their ideas to others Showing respect when looking at evidence about other people's ideas and beliefs.			

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Progression of skills	PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE
C1 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Discuss and present thoughtfully their own and others' views on challenging questions about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth, applying ideas of their own in different forms	C3 Curriculum framework attainment target for KS2: Discuss and apply their own and others' ideas about ethical questions, including ideas about what is right and wrong and what is just and fair, and express their own ideas clearly in response.
Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Positionality: Depth of coverage will enable pupils to begin to make sense of different religions, viewpoints and worldviews. Pupils will develop a self-awareness and sensitivity towards their own and others' beliefs and presumptions and how these affect their responses to the concept and contents taught.	Positionality: Children will be encouraged to understand and develop a self-awareness of their own relationship to what they are learning. They will learn how to express their own thoughts in different ways, whilst understanding and reflecting on others' viewpoints, practising tolerance, acceptance and respect.
To know that what they believe influences how they think about new content. To know they have an individual perspective. To know what stereotypes are and why they should be challenged. To know that their own thoughts, ideas and opinions may be influenced by what they learn.	To know that their beliefs can affect how they interpret evidence and content. To know that different perspectives can lead to different interpretations. To know when bias is present and that it should always be challenged. To know that their worldview can change and evolve in response to their learning and experiences.
Discussing their own views about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth. Presenting different views thoughtfully and creatively, using evidence from learning. Asking open questions and suggesting responses. Discussing their own and others' ideas about deciding what is right and wrong. Suggesting ideas, including own opinions and evidence from learning. Thinking about their own ideas in light of their learning, experiences and discussions.	Making links and comparisons between their own and others' views. Using creativity to present their own and others' ideas, explaining their choices. Asking and exploring questions from different perspectives, including their own. Discussing ideas about how their own or another person's worldview influences their responses to ethical issues. Expressing ideas about fairness, honesty, love, forgiveness, truth and peace. Engaging in times of thoughtfulness and reflection and making links between own and others' experiences.

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Progression of knowledge	2		VOCABULARY PROGRESSI	ON	
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		SUBSTANTIVE	KNOWLEDGE		
believe/belief, blessing, ceremony, community, creator/creation, God, miracle, religion, responsibility, scripture, worldview	Chosen, festival, guru, messenger, place of worship, practices, prayer, prophet, ritual, sacred, shrine, symbol/symbolise, temple, worship	Cleanse, covenant, divine, equality, eternal, faith, forgiveness, guidance, holy, inspired, moral, offering, reasoning, sin, soul	Ancient, commitment, culture, Dharma, fast, harmony, merciful/mercy, origin, prophecy, revealed/revelation, sacrifice, spiritual traditions, translation	Abrahamic, agnostic, atheist, denomination, devotion, Dharmic, enlightenment, exile, karma, liberation, pilgrimage/ pilgrim, reincarnation/ reincarnated, religious succession, theist	Diversity, free will, incarnation, liberal, martyrdom, monotheist, orthodox, protected, characteristics, secular, suffering, temptation, wisdom
		PERSONAL I	KNOWLEDGE		
Respect, idea	Opinion, value	Response, source, influence	Perspective, viewpoint	Stereotype, prejudice, discrimination, tolerance/ tolerant	Bias, contradictory, controversial, personal
		DISCIPLINARY	KNOWLEDGE		
Proof, important, quote	Express, link	Connection, organised worldview, personal, worldview, historical, modern, represent	Artefact, evidence, impact, perception, literal	Interpretation, portrayal, significant, suggest	Respond, reflect, census

^{*}Please note that it is not necessary for pupils to be able to recall all of the worldview-related knowledge, but having a sound understanding of it when studying the units will support pupils in developing their conceptual knowledge over time.



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Christian	Christian Bible, Christian, God, Jesus, Christmas	Church, cross, disciples, Messiah, Old Testament	New Testament, Ten Commandments, baptism, salvation	Easter, Gospel, Lent, resurrection, crucified, saviour	sacraments ,Holy Spirit, The Trinity, crucifixion, parable	Fall
Muslim	Allah (God), Muhammad, Muslim	Mosque, Qur'an	Islam, Five pillars of Islam	Hadith, halal, hijab, Ramadan	ummah	Hajj
Hindu	Brahman (God), Hindu, Trimurti	Avatar, deity, Diwali, mandir, murti, puja	aarti	Bhagavad Gita, Vedas	moksha	
Jewish	God, Jewish, Torah	Hannukah, synagogue	Tenak, Torah scroll	kippah kosher	Yom Kippur	mitzvot Shabba tabernacle
Sikh	Sikh, Waheguru (God)	Gurdwara, Guru Granth Sahib, Guru Nanak	langar	Khalsa, articles of faith	Bandi Chhor Divas Ik Oankar mukti	Hukam
Alevi, Buddhist, nanist, Jain, Shinto and Zoroastrian	Humanist, Zoroastrian	Alevi	Buddhist, Buddha, meditation, Shinto, Ahura Mazda	Bahá'í, Bahá'u'lláh, Buddhist Canon	Eightfold Path, nirvana, Four Noble Truths	Jain

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